

Safety Data Sheet according 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU

# NovaMax Bloom

Date :25 Août 2020

Version No. 2

Review date: 03/01/2022

Product identifier			
Product name:	NOVAMAX BLOOM		
Relevant identified uses			
of the substance or mixture and uses	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:		
advised against	Fertilizer for hydroponic solution to promote vigorous flowering and fruiting of plants.		
	Uses advised against:		
	Any use not specified in this section or in section 7.3		
	Use Descriptor System (REACH): Not applicable.		
Details of the supplier of	the safety data sheet		
Supplier identification	Terra Aquatica		
Address			
Address	4, boulevard du Biopole 32500 FLEURANCE		
Phone number	+33 (0)5 62 06 08 30		
E-mail address	info@eurohydro.com		
Emergency telephone nu			
Medical services/	999		
emergency services			
Fire and rescue services	999		
Police	101		
EU Emergency call line	112		
Toxicological	+33 01 45 41 59 59		
Information Centre			
ORFILA (INRS) Toxicological	+33 05 61 77 74 47		
Information Centre	+33 03 01 // /4 4/		
South West SECTION 2 : HAZAR			

Reg. 1272/2008/CLP

In accordance with Regulation No. 1272/2008 (CLP), the product is not considered dangerous.

Additional information :

Hazards for humans	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Enviromental hazards	None
Physico-chemical hazards	None
Other hazards	None

### Labelling elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

## 2.2 Hazard pictograms



	Signal word	DANGER
	Hazardous substances to be indicated on the label	None
	Hazard statements H:	H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
	Disclaimer P Phrases (Reg. 1272/2008/CLP)	Prevention
		P280 - Wear eye or face protection.
		P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
		In case of eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
		if present and easy to remove. Continue rinsing.
		P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Seek medical attention.
2.3	Other hazards	

Reg. 1272/2008/CLP

None

3	SECTION 3 : COMP	SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
3.1	Substances	Not applicable	Not applicable			
3.2	Mixtures Name	NOVAMAX BLC	NOVAMAX BLOOM			
	Mixtures classified as dangerous	Not applicable				
	Chemical name		%	CAS number		
	Calcium nitrate		≥10 - ≤25	15245-12-2		
	Magnesium nitrate he	exahydrate	≥3 - ≤10	13446-18-9		
	Cobalt sulphate	sulphate ≥0.01 10026-24-1				
	Any concentration she	ny concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.				
	There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the					
	concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this					

section.

4

### SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

In general, if in doubt or if symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.2

	Following eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids.
		Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get
		medical attention.
	Following skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of soapy water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
		Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
	Following ingestion	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at
		rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed
		person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels
		sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by
		medical staff. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the
		lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything
		by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical
		attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt
		or waistband.
	Following inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not
		breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or
		oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-
		mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If
		unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an
		open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation
		of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need
	Self-protection of the first aider	to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
		No action should be taken that involves an individual risk or in the absence of appropriate
		training. If it is suspected that fumes are present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask
		or self-contained breathing apparatus. It can be dangerous for the person assisting a victim to
		practice mouth-to-mouth. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing
		it, or wear gloves.
	Other information	For further details of first aid administration, including but not limited to more serious health
		effects, the doctor may consult the Toxicological Information Centre, hotline: see section 1.4
	Most important symptoms and effects,	Potential acute health effects:
	both acute and delayed	Eye contact : Can cause serious eye irritation.
		Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Signs/symptoms of overexposure:
		Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness
		Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

4.3

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. No specific treatment – symptomatic treatment

5	SECTION 5 : FIREFIG	GHTING MEASURES
	Extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Fire hazard low due to the flammability characteristics of the
		product under normal storage, handling and use conditions.
		Suitable extinguishing media:
F 1		Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire or in the event of continued
5.1		combustion, caused by improper handling, storage or use, the following extinguishing media
		may be used: carbon dioxide (CO2), foam, chemical powders, and in the event of a widespread
		fire, also water spray.
		Inappropriate extinguishing media:
	<b>_</b>	In case of fire, do not use: Water jet
	Special hazards arising from the substance or	Hazards due to the substance or mixture:
	mixture	Given its flammability characteristics, the product does not present a specific risk of fire or
-		explosion under normal storage, handling and use conditions.
5.2		Risk related to thermal decomposition products:
		A fire in the surrounding area will often produce thick black smoke. Exposure to compositional
		products may pose health risks. Do not breathe dust, vapours or fumes released by the
		combustion of the products.
		Decomposition products may include the following materials:
		carbon dioxide
		carbon monoxide
		nitrogen oxides
		sulfur oxides
		phosphorus oxides
		metal oxide/oxides
	Advice for firefighters	Protective actions to be taken when fighting fires
		Quickly isolate the area by evacuating all persons from the area near the incident in case of fire.
		Do not take any action involving a personal risk or in the absence of adequate training. Keep
		containers away from fire if it can be done without risk. Use water or water spray to keep
		containers exposed to fire cool.
5.3		Appropriate protective equipment
		The product is not combustible. In the event of a fire in the surrounding area, appropriate
		extinguishing media and protective equipment may be used for the other materials present (full
		protective clothing and personal respiratory equipment), in accordance with EN469 for a basic
		level of protection against chemical incidents. Firefighters must wear appropriate protective
		equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece, positive-
		pressure mask. Have a minimum of emergency facilities or intervention elements (fireproof
		blankets, first-aid kit, etc.) according to Directive 89/654/EC.

### Additional provisions:

Respond in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Fact Sheets on Accident and Other Emergency Response. Remove all sources of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate containers and storage tanks for products that may ignite and explode as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spilling products used to extinguish the fire in the aquatic environment.

5.4

## SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MESURES

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures 6.1

For non-emergency Ensure good ventilation.

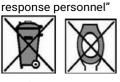
> No action should be taken that poses an individual risk or in the absence of appropriate training. Prevent unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk on spilled material. Avoid breathing dust or vapour. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear an appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. (See section 8)

For emergency If specific clothing is required to handle the spill, refer to Section 8 for appropriate and responders inappropriate materials. See also the information contained in "For personnel other than

Environmental precautions

For containment:

personnel



Avoid contamination of soil, sewers, surface water and groundwater. If this happens, inform the competent authorities.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### 6.3

6.2

Sewer coverage

	For cleaning up:	Stop the spill if it is safe to do so. Move containers out of spill area. Release as wind
		approaches. Prevent entry into sewers, waterways, basements or confined areas. Wash spills in
		an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows: Contain and collect spills with non-
		combustible absorbent material such as sand, soil, vermiculite or diatomaceous soil and place
		in a container for disposal in accordance with local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of
		through a licensed waste disposal company. Contaminated absorbent may pose the same
		hazard as the spilled product.
		Wash area with water.
		Note: See Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4	Reference to other sections	Collect the remains in an identified container: see point 13 for disposal.
		Personal protective equipment: see section 8
		Withdrawal considerations: see section 13.
		See section 1 for emergency contact information.

### **SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid handling contact with eyes. Store in original container, out of direct sunlight, in a dry, cool, wellventilated place, away from incompatible materials (see section 10), food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until time of use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Do not reuse containers. Use appropriate containment to prevent environmental contamination.

### Advice on professional hygiene in general:

It is prohibited to eat, drink or smoke in areas where this product is handled, stored or used. It is recommended that staff wash their hands and face before eating, drinking or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering a food court. See also section 8 for more information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store upright in the original container away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep under lock and key. Keep container upright, tightly closed when not in use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully closed again and kept in an upright position to prevent leaks. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Do not store in the presence of food products. Use an appropriate container to avoid contamination of the surrounding environment. Enclose storage facilities with containment dikes to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of a spill.

Specific end use(s) No specific end uses.

```
7.3
```

No specific end uses.

Good practices: keep in closed containers. Close containers before and after each use to avoid sources of moisture or heat. Store in areas with waterproof pavement.

8	SECTION 8 : EXHIBI	TION CONTROLS/INDIVIDUAL P		
8.1	Control parameters	Not applicable		
0.1		Use good industrial hygiene practi	ces.	
8.2	Exposure controls			
	In	gredient name	E	Exposure limits
	Calcium nitrate		None	
	Magnesium nitrate hex	kahydrate	None	
	Cobalt sulphate		None	
	Appropriate engineering controls	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating,		
		smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques		
		should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing		
		before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation		
	Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	location.		
		No personal protection required. In general, use individual protections placed on the market in		
		accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 of the European Parliament and of		
		the Council of 9 March 2016.		
		Personal protective equipment must be adapted to the risk, kept clean and properly maintained		
		in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Code.		
	Eye/face protection	Protective eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk		
		assessment indicates that this is r	necessary to avoid expos	sure to splashes of liquids, mists,
		gases or dusts. In case of possible contact, wear the following protective eyewear unless the		
		assessment indicates a higher deg	gree of protection: safety	glasses with side shields. If

conditions require it, use safety glasses complying with the NF EN166 standard.

Skin protection Hands: Wear suitable protective gloves in case of prolonged or repeated contact with the product.

	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard (NF EN374)
	should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates
	this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check
	during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that
	the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove
	manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of
	the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate
	standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection
	program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being
	performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this
	product.
	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based
	on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist
	before handling this product.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they
	comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

## SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9

Appearance	Physical state: liquid
	Color: Brown
Odour	Sweet vanilla
рН	2
Melting point	Not available
Freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not available
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	1.43
Solubility(ies) 20°C	Entirely Soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not viscous
Explosive properties	Not available
Oxidising properties	Not available

Refraction index

Not available

Not available

**Other information** No other information

Rotary power

9.2

## 10 SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1	Reactivity	No specific reactivity test data are available for this product or its components in normal	
		conditions of use.	
10.2	Chemical stability	The product is stable at room temperature in closed packages and under normal storage and	
10.2		handling conditions.	
		No hazardous polymerization can be produced by any of these components.	
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	No risk of dangerous reactions under normal use and storage conditions.	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	No special conditions to avoid. Comply with usual precautionary practices regarding	
		chemicals.	
	Incompatible materials	Not available.	
10.5			
10.6	Hazardous decomposition	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be	
	products	produced.	
11	SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION		
11.1	Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
	a) acute toxicity		

Ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Calcium nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
Magnesium nitrate				
hexahydrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5440 mg/kg	-
Cobal sulphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	768 mg/kg	-

(b) skin

corrosion/irritation;					
Ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Magnesium	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
nitrate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
hexahydrate					

(c) serious eye	There is no data available.
damage/irritation;	
(d) respiratory or skin	
sensitisation;	
(e) germ cell	
mutagenicity;	
(f) carcinogenicity;	
(g) reproductive toxicity;	
(h) STOT-single	
exposure;	
(i) STOT-repeated	
exposure;	
(j) aspiration hazard	

the physica chemical ar toxicologica	Symptoms related to the physical,	Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	chemical and	Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	toxicological characteristics	Skin exposure: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
		Eye exposure: pain or irritation, watering, redness
	Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Intera	Interactive effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
data		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Mixtures	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Mixture versus substance information	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	Other information	Comply with good industrial hygiene practices

### 12 SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1	Toxicity	No data available to date to the best of our knowledge
12.2	Persistence and	No data available to date to the best of our knowledge
12.3	degradability Bioaccumulative potential	No data available to date to the best of our knowledge
12.4	Mobility in soil	No data available to date to the best of our knowledge. Waste generation should be avoided or
		minimized as much as possible, and the product should not be discharged into sewers or
		waterways.
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	There is no data available.
12.6	Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13 SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

	Waste treatment methods	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised as much as possible. Disposal of this
		product, solutions and any sub-products should be in accordance with the requirements of
		environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and the requirements of regional local
		authorities. Dispose of excess and non-recyclable products through a licensed waste disposal
		contractor. Untreated waste should not be disposed into the sewer unless it fully complies with
13.1		the requirements of all authorities having jurisdiction. Packaging waste should be recycled.
		Incineration or burial should be considered only when recycling is not possible. This product
		and its container should be disposed of in a safe manner. Completely empty the container.
		Keep the label on the container. Take to an approved waste disposal company.
		Care must be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed.
		Empty containers or liners may contain product residue. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and
		runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
	Waste codes / waste designations according to LoW:	Not applicable

Non-hazardous transport. In the event of an accident and product spillage, proceed as described in point 6

14.1	UN number	Not regulated. Non-hazardous transport	
14.2	UN proper shipping name	-	
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-	
	ADR IMDG OACI/IATA	Not regulated. Non-hazardous transport	
14.4	Packing group	-	
14.5	Environmental hazards	No	
14.6	Special precautions for user	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	accident or spillage. Not available	
15	IBC Code SECTION 15 :REGULATORY INFORMATION		
45.4	Safety, health and enviro	nmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture	
15.1	Reg. 1272/2008/CE	The product does not contain substances that can be classified as carcinogenic. 1 or 2	
	Reg. 830/2015/CE (REACH)	according to Reg.1272/2008/EC and subsequent updates. Not applicable	
15.2	Special hazards Chemical safety	To our knowledge, no other national or governmental regulations apply.	
13.2	assessment	Evaluation not carried out	
16	SECTION 16 : OTHEI	RINFORMATION	
	Abbreviations and acronyms:	ETA = Acute Toxicity Estimation CLP = Regulation 1272/2008/EC on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures DNEL = Derived no-effect dose DMEL = Derived no-effect dose EUH = Specific hazard statement CLP	
		CPSE = Predicted no-effect concentration RRN = REACH registration number PTB = Persistent, Toxic and Bioaccumulative tPtB = Very persistent and very bioaccumulative	
16.1	Key literature references and sources for data	bw = Body mass Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 of the European Parliament (REACH) Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 of the European Parliament (CLP) Regulation (EC) 790/2009 of the European Parliament (I Atp. CLP) Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament Regulation (EC) 286/2011 of the	

		European Parliament (II Atp. CLP)
16.2		The Merck index. Ed. 10 Handling and chemical safety
		Niosh - Register of toxic effects of chemical substances
		INRS - Toxicological Data Sheet
		Patty - Industrial hygiene and toxicology
		N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials - 7 Ed., 1989
16.3		ECHA website
	Indication of changes:	Date of revision: 03/01/2022
	onungeo.	Previous version date: 25/08/2020
		Version :2
		Modification: Section 1.3, Company name
16.4	Classification and procedure used to	The indicated mixture does not require an SDS according to the REACH requirements. This
	derive the	sheet is for information purposes only.
	classification for mixtures	This safety data sheet complies with the requirements set out in Reg. 830/2015/EU. It does not
	according to Regulation (EC)	exempt the user from knowing and applying all the documents that govern his activity. The user
	1272/2008 [CLP]:	will take under his responsibility the precautions related to the specific use of the product. All
		the regulatory requirements mentioned are simply intended to help the recipient to assume his
		responsibilities. This list should not be considered exhaustive. This data sheet supplements the
		technical instructions for use but does not replace them. The information in this safety data
		sheet has been compiled by Terra Aquatica based on its current knowledge (safety data sheet
		for the active ingredients compiled by the manufacturer and other bibliographical data) as of
		the date indicated. It is given in good faith. In addition, the user's attention is drawn to the
		possible risks involved when a product is used for purposes other than those for which it was
		created. The recipient must ensure that he is not liable for anything other than what is stated in
		the texts other than those mentioned.
		The information departies the effects expects of the product. It is not intended to guarantee

The information describes the safety aspects of the product. It is not intended to guarantee specific properties.

It is the responsibility of our customers to observe the applicable regulations.